ADJUSTMENT OF URBAN COLLEGE STUDENTS IN RELATION TO THEIR GENDER.

Urvashi R. Prajapati

PhD Student, Dept. of Psychology, H.N.G.U. Patan   Email Id: urviprajapati2278@gmail.com

Abstract

An attempt has been made to measure the 'Adjustment' of urban college students in relation with their gender. The Sample consisted of 100 students 50 boys and 50 girls of urban college students of Mehsana City. The adjustment was measured by Dr. Harkant Badami and Dr. Chandramohini dhavan test. The obtained data was analyzed through ‘t’ test to know the mean the outcomes of the study indicated that significant difference found between the Adjustment of urban college students with relation to their gender.

INTRODUCTION

Adjustment is a continuous process. It's start from conception ends with death. Everybody has to adjust with situation. You find that adjustment is impressed by eniviument. The problems of students of urban area and rural area are not same. Previous Indian study of Manjula Sharma (2005) showed that there is significant different exist between high school and college students. Here the question is wether students of urban area differ in relation to adjustment or not? One another study of Harsha v. kansadariya (2008) showed that urban adolescence boys and girls have educational stress and emotional mal-adjustment at very high level.

OBJECTIVE

To study the adjustment of urban college students with relation to the gender.

HYPOTHESIS

There is no significant difference between adjustment of urban college students' boys and girls.

SAMPLE

Sample consisted of 100 students was taken randomly from municipal arts and urban bank science college of mehsana city.

TOOLS

Test of adjustment developed by Dr.Harkant Badami and Dr.chandramohini dhavan was administer.

PROCEDURE

The sample of 100 urban college students of municipal arts and urban bank Science College of mehsana city was selected randomly. After giving them proper instruction the test was administer and obtained data were analyzed by 't'test.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Adjustment of urban college students' boys and girls.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group</th>
<th>N</th>
<th>Mean</th>
<th>S.D</th>
<th>t’ value</th>
<th>level of</th>
<th>significant</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Boys</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>46.10</td>
<td>17.66</td>
<td>4.56</td>
<td>0.05</td>
<td>0.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Girls</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>61.32</td>
<td>15.70</td>
<td>1.98</td>
<td>2.63</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

GAP iNTERDISCIPLINARITIES – Volume - IV Issue IV
October – December 2021

A Special Issue on Innovations in Social Sciences
Table shows that the Mean Value of 50 urban college boys and 50 urban girls students are 46.10 and 61.32. 'SD' of boys is 17.66 and girls is 15.70. The 't' value for urban college boys students and girls students is 4.56 has been found significant at 0.05 and 0.01 level. It means that there is significant mean difference between urban college boys students and urban college girls students. So the our null-hypothesis is rejected.

**CONCLUSION**

There is significant different between adjustment of urban college students boys and girls.

**LIMITATION**

> Limitation of study that the study is only limited for urban college students.

> This study was limited to Mehsana city only so we cannot generalize it for rural area.

> The sample size of this study is only 100 college students which is very small.

**REFERENCE**

